

《高考英语听力高频场景词汇之医院及健康》

高考英语听力不计入高考总分，但是，各大高校在录取的时候，会参考考生的听力成绩，总的说来，高考英语听力也是比较重要的一部分。想要获取好的听力成绩，平时要注意高频词汇的积累。

1.hospital 医院

The patient was taken to the hospital in an ambulance.

病人被救护车送往了医院。

2.clinic 诊所

I visited the family doctor's clinic to have my blood pressure checked.

我去了家庭医生的诊所量血压。

3.doctor 医生

The doctor prescribed some antibiotics for my cough.

医生给我开了一些抗生素治疗咳嗽。

4.emergency department 急诊室

I was taken to the emergency department because of the sudden onset of severe pain.

由于突发剧痛，我被送到了急诊室。

5.check-up 检查

I had a general check-up at the health center last week.

我上周在医疗中心进行了一次全面检查。



6.treatment 治疗手段

The dentist prescribed some pain medication for my toothache.

牙医给我开了一些止痛药来治疗我的牙痛。

7.Health Center 医疗中心

The Health Center offers a variety of services for the community.

医疗中心为社区提供各种服务。

8.physical examination 体检

She goes for a yearly physical examination to maintain her good health.

她每年都进行体检以保持身体健康。

9.dentist 牙医

I have to go to the dentist to have a cavity filled.

我得去看牙医补牙。

10.show one ' s tongue 伸出舌头

The doctor asked the patient to show his tongue so that he could examine it.

医生让病人伸出舌头以便检查。

11.visiting hours 探访时间

Visiting hours are from 2 pm to 4 pm every day.

每天的探访时间为下午2点到4点。

12.surgeon 外科医生

The surgeon performed the operation on the patient with great skill.

外科医生非常熟练地为病人进行了手术。

13.physician 内科医生

The physician prescribed some medication for my cold.

内科医生给我开了些感冒药。

14.nurse 护士

The nurse took my temperature and blood pressure before the surgery.

手术前，护士给我测量了体温和血压。

15.regular doctor 私人医生

I have a regular doctor who takes care of my health needs.

我有一个私人医生，他负责照顾我的健康需求。

16.cold/flu 感冒/流感

I caught a cold last week and had to stay home from work.

上周我感冒了，不得不请假在家休息。

17.cough 咳嗽

The persistent cough finally subsided after taking the prescribed medication.

吃了医生开的药后，持续的咳嗽终于缓解了。

18.fever 发烧

The child had a high fever and was taken to the hospital immediately.

孩子发高烧，被立即送往了医院。

19.pain 疼痛

The pain in my back was so severe that I couldn't stand up straight.

我的背痛得很厉害，以至于无法挺直身子。

20.headache 头痛

I had a splitting headache all day yesterday.

我昨天头痛欲裂，一整天都很不舒服。

21.stomachache 胃痛

I often get stomachaches after eating spicy food.

我吃了辣的食物后经常胃痛。

22.backache 背痛

Sitting in front of the computer for too long caused my back to ache.

坐在电脑前太久导致我背痛。

23.sore throat 嗓子痛

I have a sore throat and can barely swallow anything.

我嗓子痛得厉害，几乎什么都咽不下去。

24.give an injection 打针

The nurse administered an injection to the patient without any hesitation.

护士毫不犹豫地给病人打了一针。

25.dizzy 眩晕的

I felt dizzy and had to lie down for a while.

我感到头晕，不得不躺下来休息一会儿。

26.heart attack 心脏病

The patient had a heart attack and was immediately taken to the emergency room.

病人心脏病发作，被立即送往了急诊室。

27.pills/tablets 药丸/药片

I have to take three pills every day for my high blood pressure.

我每天要吃三片降压药。

28.ICU (intensive care unit) 特护病房

The patient was transferred to the ICU after the surgery due to complications.

由于出现并发症，手术后病人被转入了特护病房。

29.aspirin 阿司匹林

My doctor prescribed aspirin to lower my blood pressure.

医生给我开了阿司匹林来降低血压。

30.write a prescription 开处方

The doctor wrote a prescription for antibiotics to treat my infection.

医生给我开了抗生素处方来治疗我的感染。

31.take one ' s temperature/blood pressure 测量体温/血压

The nurse took my temperature and blood pressure before my appointment with the

doctor.

护士在我预约医生之前为我测量了体温和血压。

32.I ' m fine. 我感觉很好。

33.I ' m not feeling good. 感觉不好。

34.I feel good. 我感觉很好。

35.I feel terrible. 感觉糟糕极了。

36.I feel horrible. 感觉非常糟糕。

37.I couldn ' t be better. 我感觉再好不过了。

38.I feel awful. 感觉非常不舒服。

推荐阅读：

[will shall should would区别，will shall后面的动词用什么形式？](#)

[attract的形容词及短语搭配](#)

[in case of 和in case的区别，in case的用法](#)