《高考英语语法填空真题1(含答案解析)》

2023年全国甲卷

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

For thousands of years, people have told fables(寓言)61(teach) a lesson or topass on widdom. Fables were part of the oral tradition of many eraly cultures, and the well-known Aesop's fables datetothe62(six) century,B.C.Yet,the form of the fable still has values today,63Rachel Carson says ir in "A Fable for Tomorrow."
Carson uses a simple, direct style common to fble. In fact, her style and tone(口吻)are seemingly directed at children."There was once a town in the heart of America64all life scmed to enjoy peceful c-cistece with is suoundins," her fable begins,65(borow) some fmilar words from many age -old fables. Behind the simple style, however, is a serious message66(intend) for everyone.
67 (difference) from traditional fables, Carson 's story ends with an accusation instead of a moral. She warns of the environmental dangers facing society, and she teaches that people must take responsibility68 saving their environment.
The themes of taditional fables often deal with simple truths about everyday life. However, Cason 's theme is a more weighty69 (warn) about environmental destruction. Carson proves that a simple lyric form that has been passed down through the ages can still70 (employ) today to draw attention to important truths.
答案及解析:
61.to teach
解析:此空应填入非谓语动词形式,表示目的或结果。根据句意"人们已经讲述了数千年的寓言,为了传授教训或传递智慧",可知此空应表示目的,故用不定式to teach。
62.sixth

解析:此空需要填入一个序数词,表示"第六"。根据句意"著名的《伊索寓言》可追溯到公元前六世纪",可知应填入sixth。

63.as

解析:此空需要填入一个连词,连接前后两个句子。根据句意"然而,寓言的形式在当今仍然有价值,正如Rachel

Carson在《明天的寓言》中所说的那样",可知应填入as,表示"正如,正像"。

64.Where

解析:此空需要填入一个关系词,引导非限制性定语从句,修饰先行词town,并在从句中作地点状语。根据句意"在美国的心脏地带有一个小镇,那里所有的生命似乎都与其周围的一切和平共处",可知应填入where。

65.borrowing

解析:此空需要填入一个非谓语动词形式,表示伴随或结果。根据句意"她的寓言以"借用"了许多古老寓言中的熟悉词语开始",可知此空应表示伴随,且与主语her fable构成主动关系,故用现在分词borrowing。

66.Intended

解析:此空需要填入一个非谓语动词形式,表示原因、条件、方式、让步或伴随等。根据句意"然而,在简单的风格背后,却是一个针对每个人的严肃信息",可知此空应表示"针对",且与主语a serious message构成被动关系,故用过去分词intended作后置定语。

67. Different

解析:此空需要填入一个形容词,修饰后面的介词短语from traditional fables。根据句意"不同于传统寓言, Carson的故事以一个指责而非道德结论结束",可知应填入different。

NNN

68.for

解析:此空需要填入一个介词,与后面的动名词saving构成固定搭配。根据句意"她警告说社会正面临环境危险,她教导人们必须为拯救他们的环境承担责任",可知应填入for,表示"为了"。

69.warning

解析:此空需要填入一个名词,作为is的表语。根据句意"然而,Carson的主题是关于环境破坏的更严重警告",可知应填入warning,表示"警告"。

70.be employed

解析:此空需要填入一个谓语动词,与主语a simple lyric form构成被动关系。根据句

意 " Carson证明了一种通过时代流传下来的简单抒情形式今天仍然可以被用来吸引人们对重要真理的注意 " ,可知应填入be employed ,表示 " 被雇佣 ,被利用 " 。由于情态动词can后接动词原形,故用be。

